

# IN THE OIL FIELDS

Office: 6241 W. H. PECK Residence: 2442

**OIL MARKET QUOTATIONS.**

Kas. and Okla.	82 25	North. Loma	82 38
Hudson	129	Wester	128
Corsican (10)	235	Indians	238
American (10)	235	Princes	230
Electric	230	W. C. L.	230
Lake (32)	235	Bogard	237
Corning	235	Illinoi	242
Henryville	225	Canada	278
Caddo (35)	230	Yukon Basin (W7)	225
Penn	225	Grass Creek	185
Canada	225	Bix Muddy	130
South Loma	238		

the matter settled up while there is a republican congress in power.

There is one thing certain and that is if the surface owners receive the royalty there would be a lot more development within a short distance of Tulsa and it is a cliché that the royalty would never be any higher, but on the contrary would be a matter of bargain between the owner of the land and the oil man, and the Osage have got enough to live on for the next 50 years to come.

**Will the Osage Land Be Extended?**

There is once more before us the very interesting question as to whether the Osage lease should be extended beyond 1931 or left as it now stands with the certainty of being leased at once if the lease is not extended.

At a meeting yesterday of lessees in the Osage a new organization was formed which has taken the name "Osage Oil and Gas Lessees Association" and as usual D. C. Connally has been made the chief of the new organization. Mr. Connally probably represents the secretary of the interior, Franklin K. Lane, who is thus seeking to perpetuate his authority over the Osage and keep a fair job for the Indian bureau for years to come.

A bill has been introduced at the request of the department by Congressman Snyder, which reads as follows:

Atty.-sixth congress, first session, H. R. 8009. In the house of representatives, June 5, 1919.

Mr. Snyder introduced the following bill, which was referred to the committee on Indian affairs and ordered to be printed:

A BILL

To amend section 3 of an act entitled "An act for the division of the lands and funds of the Osage Indians in Oklahoma, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that all that part of the act approved June 28, 1906, entitled "An act for the division of the lands and funds of the Osage Indians in Oklahoma, and for other purposes" (Thirty-first Congress, session at large, page 539), which reserved in the same title the oil, gas, coal or other minerals covered by the lands for the selection and division of which provision is made in that act to hereby be amended so that the oil, gas, coal or other minerals covered by said lands may be reserved to the Osage tribe for the period ending December 31, 1938. Provided, that the minerals in the allotted lands shall become the property of the individual owner of the surface of said lands at the expiration of said period unless otherwise provided by act of congress.

It was also determined to work in harmony with the Osage council and to take such concerted action between the council and the department of the interior and the organization was perfected as follows:

Dave Connally, chairman of the association and executive committee composed of Judge Campbell, Bert Collins and Harry E. Moore.

The local committee selected was as follows: Bert Campbell, chairman; Judge Veney, T. J. Leahy, Burdette Blue and Judge Diggs.

The statistical and publicity committee is as follows: Bert Collins, chairman; John Crocker, E. W. Marland, John L. Bird and Charles Owen.

The finance committee is as follows: Henry McGraw, chairman; Mr. Gorman of Bartlesville, John Landin of Independence and Charles Owen of Casey, Kan.

The most important resolution was by Judge Leahy of Pawhuska to the effect that the action of an oil, gas and oil company to notify Congress to consider that this body desires to be heard when the house bill No. 500 comes up.

It would appear a good time for a change in the usual order of things and let some one who is capable, honest and in accord with the republican congress now in power to take a hand in the matter and get some sort of action looking to a relief from present conditions and less stringent regulations or else to play into the hands of the democratic chiefs in Washington.

There is too little to be gained by extending the leases to put up with any more of this departmental arrogance and the only thing that helps matters now is that there is some new blood on the committee which will take up the matter with vigor and see that the oil, gas and oil company to make his wants known or we would be as well off as the oil producers of Oklahoma in the matter of taxes under the present internal revenue law.

The Osage must be developed promptly. It must be leased now and not piecemeal as heretofore and this for the reason that there will be enough to go around so that every one can have a little of it and to increase and cut down to the usage one-eighth without regard to the size of the well.

It will be a safe bet that let things be run as they frequently have been by the bunch here that the best the Osage leases would get would be a chance to buy their property back at public sale as they did in 1918 and have the royalty raised at that.

It is a good time right now for a new deal all around, as were it not for the fact that the oil, gas and oil company to a lesser extent as all oil is found in paying quantities, it would be a mighty good thing to throw the Osage wide open and have

**Case Dismissed**

The corporation commission has dismissed the case against the Humble Petroleum Company, which was charged with having violated a gas order in one of its wells in the Billings field, but, inasmuch as all the requirements have been complied with, the members of the commission stated that they had no disposition to fine anybody where the parties were acting in good faith and desired to conserve the gas supply.

**In the Osage.**

The Osage-Oklahoma oil company No. 190, 1 1/2 miles northeast of northwest of 13-20-12, is good for 10 barrels in sand found at 1,860 feet.

The Devonian oil company No. 8, southeast of northwest of 13-20-12, is good for 20 barrels after shot at 1,860 feet.

The Roxana and Globe No. 6, in southeast of northwest of southeast of 13-20-12, is good for 56 barrels after shot at 1,665 feet.

The Carter oil company No. 4, in center of north line of northeast of 13-20-12, is good for 56 barrels at 1,665 feet.

CLEANING OUT JOB at 1,935 feet to party with Star or National machine near Tulsa. Apply 125 Kennedy Bldg.—Advt.

LEASES—If in good condition, will buy 55,000-barrel tanks. Address: J. P. Postoffice Box 125.—Advt.

WANTED—To buy a national drilling machine in good condition without tools; give location and full particulars. Address: Box 1824—Advt.

WANTED—Good acreage or production; will drill acreage where there is reasonable chance for production. Address: K-18, care World—Advt.

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The Tidal Oil company No. 11

## Standard Oil Controls Refining Industry

Of the \$2,500,000,000 market value refining and marketing of a large part of Standard oil stocks, more than \$1,500,000,000 represents the value of refining and marketing companies.

About \$2,200,000,000 is the market valuation of the standard oil producing companies, and South Penn Oil, Washington Oil Company is not an important producer.

None of the companies listed in the refining and marketing group have production of their own, but with the exception of the standard oil company, Prudhoe Oil & Gas, and South Penn Oil, Washington Oil Company is not an important producer.

The significance of these figures lies in the fact that Standard oil is the dominant factor in the oil industry because it controls the refining and marketing of crude oil which has been acquired by the Magdalena Petroleum company, which has a considerable production, but for the most part Standard refining companies are buyers of crude oil.

Now following the experience of Standard oil in this respect, the future of the present oil boom is the wild rush of thousands to bring in new production of petroleum, the re-

northwest of northwest of northwest of northwest of 13-20-12 is good for 5 barrels after shot at 1,720 feet.

McKinney and others No. 3 in center of west line of southwest of 13-20-12 is good for 100 barrels after shot at 1,720 feet.

H. V. Jones No. 5 in center of east line of southeast of 13-20-12 is good for 100 barrels after shot at 1,420 feet.

Farmer and others No. 14 in the northeast of northwest of northwest of 13-20-12 is good for 100 barrels after shot at 1,480 feet.

Ask Government to Intercede

NEW YORK, June 25.—Commodity merchants whose products are rolling on New York piers because of the strike of dock workers, porters and stevedores today sent telegrams to the governors of North Carolina, Virginia, Delaware, Maryland and California asking them to request Governor Smith of New York no intercede in the controversy, on the ground that the farmers in those states will suffer great financial injury if the strike continues.

End European Service

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Offer

of service in Europe to recruits obtained under voluntary enlistment will be withdrawn under orders prepared by the war department. The power of sending regular officers overseas to relieve those in the A. E. F. who will be abandoned.

Dallas News

By PRENTISS MOOREY

DALLAS, Texas, June 25.—Texas

company No. 2, Stoker, northern

and on the Breckinridge pool, Texas

deep sands, is flowing 3,500 barrels

in the Ranger pool, Midway oil

company, and Marland No. 2, Deep

oil, is flowing 4,700 barrels from

the pool, and Prairie Oil & Gas

No. 5, Elmore, is flowing 1,700

feet.

Louisiana Gas company drilling

for gas in the Keyfield field near Law-

ton in southwestern Oklahoma has

3,000,000 barrels of oil in the

pool, and the company has

drilled 100 wells in the

area.

Livingston Oil Corporation

Tulsa, Oklahoma

June 17th, 1919.

A quarterly dividend of 25¢ per

share has been declared on the stock of this

company for the year 1919.

Dividends will be mailed.

Herman Livingston, Treasurer

206 KENNEDY BLDG.

Midco Oil Bldg., Tulsa

Conway Bldg., Chicago

General Office

305 New First National Bank Building

Tulsa

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H. J. Jenkins, Resident Manager

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